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Sr. No. of Question Paper :	3037 D
Unique Paper Code :	2272101102
Name of the Paper :	Introductory Mathematical Methods for Economics
Name of the Course :	B.A. (Hons.) Economics – DSC-2
Semester :	· I
Duration : 3 Hours	Maximum Marks: 75

#### Instructions for Candidates

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- 2. All questions are compulsory.
- 3. Use of simple calculator is allowed.
- 4. All parts of a question must be answered together.
- 5. PwD marked questions are alternatives to be attempted only by PwD students.

- 1. Answer any two of the following :
  - (a) (i) Find all values of x satisfying (|x|-2)(x+5) < 0.
    - (ii) If A and B are two sets containing 4 and 7 elements respectively, find the maximum and minimum number of elements in  $A \cup B$ .
  - (b) Fill in the blank with necessary, sufficient or necessary and sufficient:
    - (i) If A is a sufficient condition for B, then ~B is \_\_\_\_\_ condition for ~A.
    - (ii) For a rectangle to be considered a square, having four sides of equal length is \_\_\_\_\_\_ condition.

(iii) 
$$x > 0$$
 is \_\_\_\_\_ for  $x(x + 4) > 0$ .

- (iv) For two sets X and Y,  $X \cup Y = X$  is <u>condition</u> for Y to be a subset of X.
- (c) Graph  $f(x) = |x^2 x 6|$ .
- PwD(c) Suppose the consumers of a product demand 60 units of a product when the price is ₹ 5 per unit and 40 units when the price per unit has gone up by ₹ 4.
  - (i) Find the demand equation for the product, assuming that it is linear.

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 (ii) Express total revenue and find the price for which total revenue is maximum.

Answer any four of the following:  $(4 \times 4 = 16)$ 

- (a) The value of a new car depreciates (decreases) after it is purchased, according to an exponential decay model. Suppose that the value of the car is ₹ 12000 at the end of 5 years and that its value has been decreasing at the rate of 9% per year. Find the value of the car when it was new. Find t when the value of the car reduces to half of its value when it was new.
- (b) A country exports three goods, wheat W, coal C and palm oil 0. At time  $t = t_0$ , the revenue in crores of rupees derived from each of these goods is  $W(t_0) = 4$ ,  $C(t_0) = 10$  and  $0(t_0) = 7$ . W is declining at 3% while 0 and C are growing at 15% and 8% respectively. Find the rate of growth of total export earnings at  $t = t_0$ .
- (c) Examine the inverse demand curve  $p = \frac{20}{x+1}$ .

Show that the demand increases from 0 to indefinitely large amounts as price falls. Find total revenue and show that it increases to a limiting value.



- (d) Consider an infinite series  $\sum_{i=1}^{a_i} a_i$ . From that  $\lim_{n \to \infty} a_n = 0$  is necessary for convergence for the series, but not sufficient.
- (e) If  $f(x) = \frac{x^n}{e^x}$ , show that f(x) decreases for  $x \ge n > 0$ and find the local maximum value of f(x). Find f(2x) and show that  $\frac{2^n x^n}{e^x e^x} \le \frac{2^n n^n}{e^n e^x}$ .

3. Answer any three of the following:  $(4 \times 3 = 12)$ 

- (a) Using Mean Value theorem, prove the inequality,
  e<sup>x</sup> ≥ 1 + x for all x ∈ R.
- (b) (i) The time in minutes, t, required for a rat to run through a maze depends on the number of trials, n, that the rat has practiced.

$$t(n) = \frac{3n+15}{n+1}, n \ge 1$$

How does the change in n impact the change in t? Does there appear to be a limiting time in which the rat can complete the maze? How many trials are required so that the rat is able to finish the maze in under 5 minutes?

 (ii) National income in two economies X and Y is growing exponentially at 100r<sub>x</sub>% and (c) Us

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s X and Y 0r<sub>x</sub>% and 100 $r_y$ % respectively (composition continuously), where  $r_x > r_y$ . In year zero, national income was  $N_x^0$  in economy X and  $N_y^0$  in economy Y. If  $N_x^0 < N_y^0$ , at what time will the national income become equal in both the economies?

- (c) Use Newton's binomial formula to find the approximate value of  $\sqrt{217}$ , taking the degree of approximation as 2. Also find the upper bound on the absolute error.
- (d) An investment project incurs an initial loss of  $C_0$ . Thereafter it does not incur any losses and the sum of later profits is greater than the initial loss. Show that the project has a unique positive internal rate of return.

4. Answer any three of the following:  $(4 \times 3 = 12)$ 

- (a) If f is a continuous function on the interval [0,1] with f(0) > 0 and f(1) < 1, then there is some number c ∈ (0,1) which satisfies f(c) = c.</li>
- (b) Suppose that the value of wine W(t) is given as the following function of time: W(t) = 1000.  $e^{\sqrt{\frac{t}{4}}}$ in crores of rupees (t = 0 denotes the present). At an interest rate 10% compounded continuously and assuming zero storage costs, what is the optimal



time to sell the wine? Interpret condition.

- (c) Let  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left( \frac{1+x}{1-x} \right)$ , does the function f have an inverse function g? If yes, find the inverse and  $g'\left( \frac{1}{2} \ln 3 \right)$ .
- (d) Given f and g are not differentiable functions, show g(x) = f(ax + b) (where a and b are real numbers) is convex if f is convex.

5. Answer any three of the following:  $(3 \times 5 = 15)$ 

(a) The graph of the equation  $x^2y - 3y^3 = 2x$  passes through the point (x, y) = (-1, 1). Find the slope of the graph at this point. Find the points where function is not differentiable. Does the curve have horizontal tangent?

(b) (i) Find the limit: 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left( \frac{2 + 3x^m}{1 - x^n} \right) m, n \in \mathbb{N}$$
. (2)

(ii) Let 
$$f(x) = \frac{\log\left(1+\frac{x}{p}\right) - \log\left(1-\frac{x}{q}\right)}{x}$$
, where p

and q are positive constants. Can you define f(x) at x = 0 so as to make the function continuous at x = 0? (3)

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(c) (i) Consider two cash flows,

flow A, you receive ₹ 16 every year for 5 years with the first payment being a year from now. For cash flow B, you receive ₹ x every year forever with the first payment being today. What is the value of x so that cash flow B has the same present value as cash flow A, given that the rate of interest is 6% per annum (compounded annually)?

(ii) If f(x) and g(x) are differentiable functions of x, express the elasticity of h(x) = e<sup>f(x)g(x)</sup> w.r.t x in terms of E<sub>x</sub>f and E<sub>x</sub>g which are the elasticities of f(x) and g(x) w.r.t x respectively.

(d)  $Q^d = f(P + t)$  and  $Q^s = g(P)$  where f and g are differentiable functions with f' < 0 and g' > 0. Use the equilibrium condition  $Q^d = Q^s$  to find an expression for  $\frac{dP}{dt}$ . Also comment on its sign. Find the expression for  $\frac{d(P+t)}{dt}$  and find its range.

Answer any two of the following:  $(6 \times 2=12)$ (a) The monopolist with the cost function  $C(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2$ , with quantity x, faces a demand curve x = 12 - p, where p is the price.

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- (i) Find equilibrium price
- (ii) What would be the quantity if the monop the price as given as under perfect competition? Compare the profits under
   monopoly and perfect competition.
- (iii) To ensure that the monopolist acts like a perfectly competitive firm, a specific tax of t per unit is imposed on him. Find the equilibrium output, t and show that it is actually negative. What does it imply?
- (b) (i) Let the function  $f(x) = (6-x^2)\sqrt{x^2-4}$  be defined over [-6, -2], Find the extreme points of f.
  - (ii) Determine the concavity/convexity of the following function  $f(x) = (e^{2x} + 4e^{-x})^2$ .

(c) Let  $f(x) = x - 2 \ln(x + 1)$ 

- (i) Determine where f(x) is increasing/ decreasing.
- (ii) Find possible extreme points and inflexion points. Does the function have global maximum/minimum point(s)?
- (iii) Sketch the graph of f(x).
- PwD (iv) Determine the intervals of concavity/convexity of the function  $g(x) = x^4 - 12x^2$ .

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